



FUNDRAISING BEST PRACTICES

WHAT FUNDERS ARE LIKELY TO SUPPORT

Program Expenses

- Non recurring/limited time, department program expenses and operational costs

Professional Development

- Staff training and other related costs

Volunteer Support

- Mission related employee volunteer support

Program Equipment & Supplies

- Equipment and supplies necessary to operate program successfully

Building & Capital Costs

- Physical infrastructure and capital improvements

Capacity Building

- Organizational and team development

Non-Recurring Program Costs

- Pilot program

Evaluations

- Measures progress toward program goals outlined in grant/proposal

Other

- Travel Costs

WHAT FUNDERS ARE UNLIKELY TO SUPPORT

Admin & Overhead Costs

- No more than 10% of these costs (i.e. utilities, rent, insurance) are likely to be covered

Public Services

- Services that are typically covered by city government (i.e. animal control, facilities and maintenance)

Recurring Program Costs

- Costs not associated with a new program or expansion of existing program

DEFINITIONS & FOOTNOTES

Definitions

- **Admin & Overhead Costs:** A program's general business expenses not directly related to fulfilling the functions of the program (also referred to as indirect costs).

Footnotes

- Funders are unlikely to support ongoing program expenses and operational costs beyond one or two years. Long-term funding plan(s) should be considered from onset.
- The rule of thumb states that no more than 30% of the total project cost or organization budget should be requested from a single funder.
- Some evaluations require outside evaluators which can be consultants that specialize in the topic, or university partners.



TYPICAL FUNDING TIMELINE

